9501 7-77-75 (O-2025-136 REV.) (COR. COPY)

ORDINANCE NUMBER O- 21989 (NEW SERIES)

DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE JUL 2 3 2025

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 125.0431; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0322; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY RETITLING AND AMENDING SECTION 141.0302; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 8 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0815; AND AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 4, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTION 144.0501, RELATING TO THE AMENDMENT TO THE ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT AND JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT REGULATIONS.

### **RECITALS**

The Council of the City of San Diego (Council) adopts this Ordinance based on the following:

- A. California Government Code sections 66310 through 66342 (State ADU Law) require a local agency to either adopt an ordinance that permits state-required Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADU) by ministerial approval in accordance with specified standards and conditions or approve applications for state-required ADUs ministerially if a local ordinance is not adopted.
- B. By Ordinance O-21254, the Council adopted an Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) Bonus Program, establishing a program to incentivize and promote the creation of accessory dwelling units that can be offered at affordable rent for very, low-, or moderate-income households.
- C. On October 11, 2023, the California Governor approved Assembly Bill 434 (Grayson, 2023), which modified Government Code section 65585 to require enforcement of

State ADU Law in local agency regulations by California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD).

- E. On October 30, 2024, the City received comments from HCD, which included revisions to the City's ADU regulations needed to align with State ADU Law. The comments addressed maximum ADU size, applicable zones, fire sprinklers, ADU conversions, number of ADUs allowed on a lot, landscaping, floor area ratios, side yard setbacks, replacement parking and JADU owner-occupancy requirements.
- F. On March 4, 2025, the Council requested that the City Planning Department return to Council within 90 days with an ordinance to remove the applicability of RS-1-1, RS-1-2, RS-1-3, RS-1-4, RS-1-8, RS-1-9, RS-1-10, and RS-1-11 base zones from the ADU Density Bonus Program and bring forward additional revisions to the ADU Density Bonus Program outlined in the City Planning Department's February 28, 2025, memorandum to the Land Use and Housing Committee.
- G. The City Planning Department has prepared the ADU and JADU Regulation Amendments to the San Diego Municipal Code and Local Coastal Program Amendment, which proposes to comprehensively address concerns raised with respect to the ADU Home Density Bonus Program, as well as to make other revisions to the City's ADU regulations necessary to address HCD comments and align with State ADU Law, as well as to allow for the separate sale of ADU homes as allowed by Assembly Bill 1033.
- H. The California Building Standards Code (Title 24) authorizes local agencies to enforce fire and life safety requirements where necessary to protect public health and safety, including requirements related to fire separation, defensible space, and structure placement, particularly in areas with elevated wildfire risk. This Ordinance requires ADU homes located within High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones to maintain a minimum four-foot interior

side and rear yard setback to provide adequate defensible space between all structures on the premises and adjacent native or naturalized vegetation, and ensures authority for the Fire Code Official to require greater interior side or rear yard setbacks when necessary to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code and to address specific site conditions related to fire safety. This change is also intended to provide certainty for applicants at the beginning of the development process.

- I. Government Code section 51182 requires the creation of an ember-resistant zone within five feet of a structure located in Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, recognizing that combustible materials within the immediate five feet of a structure contribute to the greatest risk of embers directly or indirectly igniting the home. In addition, Assembly Bill 3074, approved by the Governor in 2020, directs the State Board of Forestry to adopt regulations known as "Zone 0", which will require an ember-resistance zone within five feet of structures in California's highest fire severity zones.
- J. The ADU Home Density Bonus Program currently applies in all zones that allow residential uses, which can result in ADU developments constructed through this program that can be out of scale with the surrounding neighborhood. This Ordinance prohibits the application of the ADU Home Density Bonus Program in the following residential zones: RS1-1, RS-1-2, RS-1-3, RS-1-4, RS-1-8, RS-1-9, RS-1-10, and RS-1-11, unless the portion of the premises proposed for development is located in an area identified as a High or Highest High or Highest California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area at the time the development application is deemed complete and is in an area identified as residential in a land use plan. These zones have a minimum lot size requirement of 10,000 square feet or greater with the purpose of providing development regulations to implement land use plan designations with very low densities and were not intended to be developed with significant new densities absent

further rezoning actions. In addition, this provision affirmatively furthers fair housing by ensuring that neighborhoods with the greatest access to economic opportunity remain eligible for the ADU Home Density Bonus Program.

- K. The ADU Bonus Program does not currently include requirements related to emergency evacuation in High and Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones. This Ordinance requires lots otherwise eligible for the ADU Home Density Bonus Program in High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones to be on an improved public street with at least two evacuation routes, and prohibits the program on lots in High and Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones that front a cul-de-sac or have only one point of ingress or egress in order to better ensure adequate emergency access and evacuation safety for ADU homes permitted under the Program.
- L. The ADU Bonus Program does not have requirements to determine the developable area on single family zoned lots to ensure the development is appropriately scaled to the surrounding area, and there are instances where larger developable lots or lots that contain undevelopable environmentally sensitive lands can lead to development that was not consistent with the purpose of the lower density zones under the existing program. This Ordinance requires ADU Home Density Bonus Program projects on lots that only permit single family homes and exceed the minimum base zone lot size to have their floor area ratio (FAR) capped at 8,000 square feet, and if the lot contains environmentally sensitive lands, the FAR would be calculated using only the portion of the lot that does not contain environmentally sensitive lands, using a maximum lot area of 8,000 square feet. In addition, this Ordinance sets a maximum ADU cap based on the lot square footage. This requirement is intended to ensure ADU development is similar in scale to the surrounding neighborhood.
- M. This Ordinance increases the penalty for violations of the deed restriction on affordable ADU homes permitted under the ADU Home Density Bonus Program to ensure the

homes remain available to qualifying households, aligning with the program's intent of increasing affordable housing opportunities.

- N. ADUs permitted through the ADU Home Density Bonus Program should in exchange for the allowance of additional ADUs contribute toward neighborhood enhancements. This Ordinance requires applicants opting into the ADU Home Density Bonus Program to pay an ADU Home Density Bonus Program Community Enhancement Fee for all affordable and bonus ADUs under 750 square feet to be eligible for this opt-in bonus program.
- O. The Office of the City Attorney prepared this Ordinance based on the information provided by City staff (including information provided by affected third parties and verified by City staff), with the understanding that this information is complete and accurate.

#### **ACTION ITEMS**

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of San Diego:

Section 1. Chapter 11, Article 3, Division 1 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 113.0103, to read as follows:

#### §113.0103 Definitions

Abutting property through Accessory building [No change in text.]

Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) means an attached or detached residential dwelling unit that provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation, and is located on the same premises as the proposed or existing single dwelling unit or multiple dwelling unit.

Accessory structure through Surface Mining [No change in text.]

Sustainable Development Area means the area within a defined walking distance along a pedestrian path of travel using sidewalks from a major transit stop that is

existing or planned, if the planned *major transit stop* is included in a transportation improvement program or applicable regional transportation plan, as follows:

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Within Mobility Zone 4, as defined in Section 143.1103, the defined walking distance is 0.75 mile.
- (c) [No change in text.]

In addition, an adopted specific plan prepared in accordance with Section 122.0107(a), shall be within the Sustainable Development Area if the Sustainable Development Area is within a portion of the adopted specific plan.

Target population through Yard [No change in text.]

Section 2. Chapter 12, Article 5, Division 4 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 125.0431, to read as follows:

### §125.0431 Additional Notice for a Condominium Conversion Map

- (a) For a tentative map for a condominium conversion project, the subdivider shall provide the following notices in addition to the notice provided for in Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 (Notice):
  - (1) [No change in text.]
  - (2) Notice to each person applying for the rental of a dwelling unit or Accessory Dwelling Unit in the proposed project required in Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 (Notice) and Subdivision Map Act section 66452.17;
  - (3) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

Section 3. Chapter 13, Article 1, Division 3 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 131.0322, to read as follows:

### §131.0322 Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

The uses allowed in the agricultural zones are shown in Table 131.03B.

### **Legend for Table 131-03B**

[No change in text.]

## Table 131-03B Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories [See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	Zone Designator	Zones				
descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	1st & 2nd >>	AG 1-		AR		
	3rd >>			1-		
	4th >>	1	2	1	2	
Open Space through Residential, Separately Regulated Residential Uses, Interim Ground Floor Residential [No change in text.]			[No change in text.]			
Junior Accessory Dwelling Units		L .		[No change in text.]		
Residential, Separately Regulated Residential Uses, Live/Work Quarters through Signs, Separately Regulated Signs Use, Theater Marquees [No change in text.]		[No change in text.]				

#### Footnotes for Table 131-03B

Section 4. Chapter 14, Article 1, Division 3 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 141.0302, to read as follows:

## §141.0302 Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADUs)

Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADUs), are permitted as a limited use decided in accordance with Process One, indicated

<sup>1</sup> through 13 [No change in text.]

with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones), subject to the following regulations.

- (a) Regulations for ADUs and JADUs.
  - (1) Guest Quarters. Guest quarters and non-habitable *accessory*structures shall be permitted in addition to *ADUs* and *JADUs*, if permitted by the base zone.
  - (2) Development Impact Fees. Development Impact Fees for *ADUs* and *JADUs* shall be paid in accordance with Section 142.0640(b).
  - (3) Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban Lot Split Regulations. An *ADU* or *JADU* shall not be permitted to be constructed on any *premises* that has utilized the provisions of Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 13, Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban Lot Split Regulations for Single Family Zones, except as provided in Section 143.1305(c)(1).
  - (4) Previously Conforming. Construction of an *ADU* or *JADU* shall not require correction of *previously conforming* conditions on the *premises*.
  - (5) Conversion. An ADU or JADU that is converted from an existing dwelling unit or accessory structure, or is constructed in the same location and within the same building envelope as an existing dwelling unit or accessory structure, may continue to observe the same setbacks as the existing dwelling unit or accessory structure and they shall not be subject to the setback requirements in Section 141.0302(b)(9).

- (6) Fire Sprinklers.
  - (A) An ADU or JADU shall not be required to provide automatic fire sprinklers if they are not required for the primary dwelling unit.
  - (B) An ADU or JADU shall be required to provide an automatic fire sprinkler system when located on a premises where the primary dwelling unit is protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with the California Building Standards Code.
  - (C) The construction of a detached ADU shall not trigger a requirement for automatic fire sprinklers to be installed in the existing primary dwelling unit or multiple dwelling unit unless required in accordance with the California Building Standards Code.
- (7) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone.
  - (A) An existing *structure* may only be converted or reconstructed as an *ADU* or *JADU* if the *structure* conforms to all the following regulations:
    - (i) The wetland regulations in Section 143.0141(b);
    - (ii) The sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143;
    - (iii) The *coastal beaches* regulations in Section 143.0144; and

- (iv) The Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal
  Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.
- (B) ADUs or JADUs constructed within areas of future sea level rise shall comply with the regulations in Section 132.0404.
- (C) ADUs or JADUs shall comply with all the following regulations:
  - (i) The wetland regulations in Section 143.0141(b);
  - (ii) The sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143;
  - (iii) The *coastal beaches* regulations in Section 143.0144; and
  - (iv) The Supplemental Regulations of the CoastalOverlay Zone in Section 132.0403.
- (8) An *ADU* shall not be used for a rental term of less than 31 consecutive days. *JADUs* are not subject to rental term limitations.
- (b) ADU Development Regulations.
  - (1) On a *premises* with an existing or proposed *single dwelling unit*, the following is permitted:
    - (A) One ADU that is within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit or within an existing accessory structure, subject to the following:
      - (i) Construction of the ADU may expand the gross floor area of an existing accessory structure up to

- 150 square feet to only allow for ingress and egress; and
- (ii) The ADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the single dwelling unit.
- (B) One attached or detached ADU.
- (2) The maximum number of *ADUs* on a *premises* with a proposed multiple dwelling unit structure shall not exceed two detached *ADUs*.
- (3) On a *premises* with an existing *multiple dwelling unit structure*, the following applies:
  - (A) The maximum number of *ADUs* that may be permitted within the existing non-livable space of an existing *multiple* dwelling unit structure shall not exceed 25 percent of the total number of multiple dwelling units in the structure. The minimum number of *ADUs* that may be permitted within the non-livable space of the existing structure is one. For example, non-livable space includes, but is not limited to, storage rooms, boiler rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages; and
  - (B) A maximum of eight detached *ADUs* may be permitted on the *premises*, provided that the number of detached *ADUs* shall not exceed the number of existing *multiple dwelling* units in the *multiple dwelling unit structure*.

- (4) In accordance with Government Code section 66321(b)(3), one attached or detached *ADU* with a *gross floor area* of 800 square feet or less may be permitted in accordance with Sections 141.0302(a)(1)-(a)(3), provided that the *development* results in no more than one attached or detached *ADU* on the *premises*. The *ADU* shall not be subject to maximum *lot coverage*, maximum *floor area ratio*, a front *yard setback*, and minimum open space requirements of the underlying base zone.
- (5) Lot Size. A minimum *lot* size is not required for the construction of an *ADU*.
- (6) Density. *ADUs* are not subject to the *density* limitations of the base zone for the *premises*.
- (7) Gross Floor Area.
  - (A) The gross floor area of an ADU shall not be less than 150 square feet.
  - (B) The gross floor area of an attached or detached ADU shall not exceed 1,200 square feet.
  - (C) An ADU constructed within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit structure shall not have a maximum gross floor area requirement.
  - (D) An ADU constructed within an existing accessory structure
    on a single dwelling unit lot shall not have a maximum
    gross floor area requirement and may construct an

- additional 150 square feet to only allow for ingress and egress.
- (E) ADUs constructed within an existing multiple dwelling unit structure shall not have a maximum gross floor area requirement.
- (F) The gross floor area of an ADU shall be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.
- (8) Height.
  - (A) On lots that permit single dwelling unit development but not multiple dwelling unit development, detached ADU structures shall not exceed two stories.
  - (B) On lots that permit single dwelling unit development but not multiple dwelling unit development, ADUs attached to an existing accessory structure shall not exceed two stories.
  - (C) ADUs shall comply with the overall maximum structure height of the underlying base zone and overlay zone.
- (9) Setbacks.
  - (A) The front *yard setback* of an *ADU* shall be consistent with the base zone.
  - (B) The minimum *street* side *yard setback* of an *ADU* shall be

    4 feet or the minimum *street* side *yard setback* of the base
    zone, whichever is less.

- (C) Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for ADU structures with a structure height of 16 feet or less shall be provided as follows:
  - of a High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, there is no minimum interior side *yard* and rear *yard setbacks*, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater *setback* to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.
  - (ii) For ADU structures located on a premises within a High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, the minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks shall be 4 feet to provide defensible space between all structures on the premises and contiguous areas of native or naturalized vegetation, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.

- (D) Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for ADU structures with a structure height that exceeds 16 feet shall be provided as follows:
  - (i) For ADU structures located on a premises outside of a High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, there is no minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code. However, if the side or rear property line abuts another premises that is residentially zoned or developed with exclusively residential uses, the minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks shall be 4 feet or the minimum setback of the applicable base zone, whichever is less, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.
  - (ii) For ADU structures located on a premises within a

    High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, the
    minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks
    shall be 4 feet to provide defensible space between

all structures on the premises and any contiguous areas of native or naturalized vegetation or as otherwise required, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.

### (10) Parking.

- (A) No on-street parking spaces or *off-street parking spaces* are required for *ADUs*, except as specified in Section 141.0302(b)(10)(B).
- (B) When an ADU is proposed on a premises located both within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact

  Overlay Zone and outside of a transit priority area, one 
  off-street parking space located consistent with Section 
  141.0302(b)(10)(D) shall be required per ADU, unless any 
  of the following apply:
  - (i) The ADU is 500 square feet or less;
  - (ii) The premises is located within a historical district that is a designated historical resource;
  - (iii) The ADU is attached to the proposed or existing primary dwelling unit or accessory structure;

- (iv) The *premises* is located within a residential permit parking district; or
- (v) There is a car share vehicle located within one block of the *premises*.
- (C) When a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an *ADU*, or converted to an *ADU*, replacement of those *off-street parking spaces* is not required unless the *premises* is located within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and outside of the *transit priority area*, in which case parking shall be replaced in a location consistent with Section 141.0302(b)(10)(D).
- (D) When an uncovered parking space is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an *ADU*, or converted to an *ADU*, replacement of those *off-street parking* spaces is not required.
- (E) If off-street parking spaces are required in accordance with Section 141.0302(b)(10)(B) or 141.0302(b)(10)(C), or if the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for ADUs located on the premises, the following applies:
  - (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces or mechanical lifts; and

- (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot.

  Off-street parking spaces may not encroach into the public right-of-way.
- (F) Notwithstanding Section 141.0302(a)(4), if the construction of an *ADU* causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the minimum *off-street parking spaces* dimensions required in Table 142-05K of Section 142.0560, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- (11) The record owner is not required to live on the same premises of an ADU.
- (c) Development Regulations for JADUs.
  - (1) On a *premises* with an existing or proposed *single dwelling unit*, one *JADU* is permitted, subject to the following:
    - (A) The JADU shall be within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit or attached garage;
    - (B) Construction of the JADU may expand the floor area of the existing single dwelling unit up to 150 square feet to only allow for ingress and egress;
    - (C) The JADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the existing or proposed single dwelling unit;

- (D) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit;
- (E) The record owner of the primary dwelling unit shall reside in the single dwelling unit or JADU; and
- (F) Before a Building Permit may be issued for a *JADU*, the record owner shall enter into an agreement with the City in a form that is approved by the City Attorney that includes the following provisions:
  - (i) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit;
  - (ii) The agreement may be enforced against future purchasers;
  - (iii) The record owner shall reside on the premises;
  - (iv) The agreement shall be recorded in the Office of theCounty Recorder of San Diego County; and
  - (v) The agreement shall run with the land for the life of the *JADU*.
- (G) Government agencies, land trusts, and qualified housing organizations are exempt from Section 141.0302(c)(1)(E) and Section 141.0302(c)(1)(F).
- (2) Lot Size. JADUs are not subject to a minimum lot size.
- (3) Density. JADUs are not subject to the density limitations for the premises.
- (4) Gross Floor Area.

- (A) The gross floor area of a JADU shall not be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.
- (B) A JADU shall not be less than 150 square feet and shall not exceed 500 square feet within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit.
- (5) Exterior Entry. A *JADU* shall have a separate exterior entry from the primary *dwelling unit*.
- (6) Kitchen. A JADU shall include the following:
  - (A) A cooking facility with appliances;
  - (B) A food preparation counter of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the *JADU*; and
  - (C) Storage cabinets that are of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the *JADU*.
- (7) Parking.
  - (A) No on-street parking spaces or *off-street parking spaces* are required for a *JADU*.
  - (B) When an attached garage is converted to a *JADU*, replacement of those *off-street parking spaces* is not required unless the *premises* is located within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and outside of a *transit priority area*, in which case parking shall be replaced in a location consistent with Section 141.0302(c)(7)(C).

- (C) If off-street parking spaces are required in accordance with Section 141.0302(c)(7)(B) or if the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces for JADUs located on the premises, the following applies:
  - (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces or mechanical lifts; and
  - (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot. Off-street parking spaces may not encroach into the public right-of-way.
- (D) Notwithstanding Section 141.0302(a)(4), if the construction of a *JADU* causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the minimum *off-street parking space* dimensions required in Table 142-05K of Section 142.0560, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- (d) ADU Home Density Bonus. In addition to the ADUs and JADUs permitted under Sections 141.0302(b) and 141.0302(c), additional bonus ADUs and affordable ADUs shall be permitted subject to the following:
  - (1) Location Requirements.

- (A) The portion of the *premises* proposed for *development* may not be within the following base zones: RS-1-1, RS-1-2, RS-1-3, RS-1-4, RS-1-8, RS-1-9, RS-1-10, or RS-1-11, unless the following apply:
  - (i) The premises is in an area identified as a High or
     Highest California Tax Credit Allocation
     Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the
     development application is deemed complete; and
  - (ii) The *premises* is identified as Residential in a *land* use plan.
- (B) On a premises within the Sustainable Development Area, one additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every additional affordable ADU.
- (C) On a premises outside of the Sustainable Development

  Area, a maximum of one bonus ADU and one affordable

  ADU shall be permitted.
- (D) When a *premises* is located in more than one base zone, only the portion of the *premises* that meets the requirements of Section 141.0302(d)(1)(A) shall be eligible for bonus *ADUs* and affordable *ADUs* as specified in Sections 141.0302(d)(1)(B) or 141.0302(d)(1)(C).
- (2) Lot Requirements.
  - (A) Within High and Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the *applicant* shall demonstrate that the *lot* fronts an

- improved public *street* with at least two evacuation routes to the satisfaction of the Fire Code Official; and
- (B) Within High and Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the *lot* shall not front a cul-de-sac or be located on a *premises* that only has one point of ingress or egress.
- (3) Floor Area Ratio.
  - (A) Within a base zone that permits single dwelling unit developments but not multiple dwelling unit developments, the maximum floor area ratio shall be determined as follows:
    - (i) Where the lot contains environmentally sensitive lands, the maximum permitted floor area ratio shall be determined using only the area of the lot that does not contain environmentally sensitive lands;
    - (ii) In no case shall the maximum permitted *floor area*ratio be determined using more than 8,000 square

      feet for the *lot* area; and
    - (iii) For the RS-1-1, RS-1-2, RS-1-3, RS-1-4, RS-1-5, RS-1-6, RS-1-7 base zones, the applicable *floor* area ratio shall be determined in accordance with Table 131-04J using the adjusted *lot* area as described in Sections 141.0302(d)(3)(A)(i) and 141.0302(d)(3)(A)(ii).

- (B) Within a base zone that permits multiple dwelling unit developments where the lot contains environmentally sensitive lands, the maximum permitted floor area ratio shall be determined by using the area of the lot that does not contain environmentally sensitive lands.
- (4) Total Maximum number of permitted ADUs and JADUs on single dwelling unit lots. The total maximum number of ADUs and JADUs that may be permitted on a lot within a base zone that permits single dwelling unit development but not multiple dwelling unit development, shall be based on the lot area in accordance with Table 141-03A. If the lot contains environmentally sensitive lands, the lot area shall be determined using the area of the lot that does not contain environmentally sensitive lands.

Table 141-03A

Maximum Number of Permitted *ADUs* and *JADUs* on *Single Dwelling Unit Lots* 

Lot Area (square feet)	Maximum Number of ADUs and JADUs <sup>1</sup>
8,000 or less	4
8,001 to 10,000	5
10,001 or greater	6

The maximum number of *ADUs* and *JADUs* is inclusive of the total number of *ADUs* and *JADUs* that are permitted in accordance with Section 141.0302.

(5) Fire Sprinklers. All affordable *ADUs* and bonus *ADUs* in the *development* shall include an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with the California Building Standards Code.

- (6) Minimum Required Off-Street Parking Spaces. One off-street parking space shall be required for each affordable ADU and bonus ADU located outside of a transit priority area.
- (7) Landscape Requirements. Two trees shall be provided on the premises for every 5,000 square feet of lot area, with a minimum of one tree per premises. If planting of a new tree is required to comply with this Section, the tree shall be selected in accordance with the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual and the City's Street Tree Selection Guide. If the premises is located in the OR Zone, the lot area used to determine the tree requirement shall be based on the allowable development area as described in Section 131.0250. If the premises contains environmentally sensitive lands, the lot area used to determine the tree requirement shall be based on the allowable development area as described in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 1.
- (8) ADU Home Density Bonus Agreement. The affordable ADUs shall be guaranteed through a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement, entered into by the applicant and President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing

  Commission, or their designee, prior to the issuance of a Building Permit for the first affordable ADU or bonus ADU, whichever occurs first, that meets the following requirements:
  - (A) A rental affordable *ADU* home density bonus agreement shall utilize the following qualifying criteria:

- (i) Very Low Income ADU Home Density Bonus. One additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to very low income households for a period of not less than 10 years at a rent that does not exceed 30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income as adjusted for household size;
- (ii) Low Income ADU Home Density Bonus. One additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to low income households for a period of not less than 10 years at a rent that does not exceed 30 percent of 60 percent of the area median income as adjusted for household size;
- (iii) Moderate Income ADU Home Density Bonus. One additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to moderate income households for a period of not less than 15 years at a rent that does not exceed 30 percent of 110 percent of the area median income as adjusted for household size; and
- (iv) The very low income, low income, and moderate income affordable ADUs shall be comparable in

bedroom mix and amenities to the bonus *ADUs* in the *development*.

- (B) Violations. If the terms of the rental affordable *ADU* home density bonus agreement are violated by the *applicant*, the *applicant* shall be liable for a minimum penalty of \$10,000 per *ADU* per month, in addition to any fines outlined in the rental affordable *ADU* home density bonus agreement with the San Diego Housing Commission.
- (9) ADU Home Density Bonus Program Community Enhancement
  Fee. The applicant shall pay an ADU Home Density Bonus
  Program Community Enhancement Fee as established by San
  Diego Resolution, calculated based on the gross floor area of the
  affordable ADUs and bonus ADUs, except that the gross floor area
  of any affordable ADUs that meet all the following shall not be
  included in the calculation:
  - (A) The affordable *ADU* is deed restricted to *very low income* or *low income* households in accordance with Section 141.0302(d)(8)(A)(i) or 141.0302(d)(8)(A)(ii); and
  - (B) The *premises* is located in an area identified as a High or Very High Resource California Tax Credit Allocation

    Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the development application is deemed complete.
- (e) ADU Bonus for Accessible ADUs. For development utilizing the ADU
   Home Density Bonus Program in accordance with Section 141.0302(d), a

maximum of one additional accessible ADU shall be permitted if the development includes:

- (1) At least two ADUs that are affordable to very low income, low income, or moderate income households; and
- (2) The accessible ADU meets the following:
  - (A) Accessibility requirements in Chapter 11A of the California

    Building Code, including at least one accessible bathroom,

    one accessible *kitchen*, and one accessible *bedroom*;
  - (B) The accessible *ADU* shall be located on an accessible route, as defined by the California Building Code; and
  - (C) The accessible ADU shall be comparable in bedroom mix and amenities to the bonus ADUs in the development.
- (f) Sale or Conveyance of *ADUs*. New or existing *ADUs* may be converted into condominiums and shall be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the primary residence in accordance with this Section or pursuant to Section 141.0302(g) and subject to all the following:
  - (1) All *structures* and buildings included as part of a condominium *development* shall conform to the requirements applicable to the base zone or planned district in which the *development* is located.

    Designation of individual condominium units shall not be deemed to reduce or eliminate any of the base zone or planned district requirements applicable to the buildings or *structures*. Unless otherwise allowed for *ADUs* pursuant to Section 141.0302(b);

- (A) The condominium subdivision shall be created pursuant to the Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act
   (Part 5 (commencing with section 4000) of Division 4 of the California Civil Code);
- (B) The condominium *subdivision* shall be created in conformance with the *Subdivision Map Act* (Division 2 (commencing with California Government Code section 66410));
- (C) Neither a *subdivision map* nor a condominium plan shall be recorded without each lienholder's written consent. The following shall apply to the consent of a lienholder:
  - (i) A lienholder may refuse to give written consent; or
  - (ii) A lienholder may consent provided that any terms and conditions required by the lienholder are satisfied;
- (D) Prior to recordation of the initial or any subsequent modifications to the condominium plan, written evidence of the lienholder's consent shall be provided to the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County along with a signed statement from each lienholder that states the following: "(Name of lienholder) hereby consents to the recording of this condominium plan in their sole and absolute discretion and the borrower has or will satisfy any additional terms and conditions the lienholder may have.";

- (E) The lienholder's written consent shall be included on the condominium plan, or attached to the condominium plan that includes the following information:
  - (i) The lienholder's signature;
  - (ii) The name of the record owner or ground lessee;
  - (iii) The legal description of the real property;
  - (iv) The identities of all parties with an interest in the real property as reflected in the real property records; and
  - (v) The lienholder's written consent shall be recorded in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County.
- (2) The condominium *development* shall be subject to the Subdivision requirements in Chapter 12, Article 5.
- (3) The condominium development shall be subject to the Condominium Conversion Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 4, Division 5 if any of the ADUs in the development were occupied.
- (4) If an *ADU* is established as a condominium, the *applicant* shall notify providers of utilities, including water, sewer, gas, and electricity, of the condominium creation and separate conveyance.
- (5) The condominium *development* shall be located on a single parcel or *lot* that was previously mapped and monumented in a manner satisfactory to the City Engineer in accordance with Subdivision Map Act Section 66428(b).

- (6) For a minimum period of 30 days from the date an *ADU* that is established as a condominium is first listed for sale, the *record* owner shall offer the *ADU* through at least two publicly accessible real estate websites or databases with a disclosure stating that the *ADU* is being offered for at least 30 days to buyers intending to use the *ADU* as their primary residence.
- (7) ADUs that have received financing or other forms of assistance from the San Diego Housing Commission shall not be converted into condominiums and shall not be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the primary residence during the term specified in the deed restriction agreement.
- (8) Rental *ADUs* that are rent restricted by law or covenant to persons and families of *very low income*, *low income*, or *moderate income* shall not be converted into condominiums and shall not be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the primary residence for the duration of the deed restriction or affordability covenant term.
- (g) Sale or Conveyance of an ADU by a nonprofit corporation.
  - (1) An *ADU* may be sold or conveyed separately from the primary *dwelling unit* by a qualified nonprofit corporation.
  - (2) For the purpose of Section 141.0302(g), a qualified nonprofit corporation means a nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has received a welfare exemption under the California Revenue and Taxation

Code section 214.15 for properties intended to be sold to *low-income* families who participate in a special no-interest loan program.

- (3) For an *ADU* to be sold or conveyed separately from the primary *dwelling unit* by a qualified nonprofit corporation, the following shall apply:
  - (A) There is an enforceable restriction on the use of the *premises* on which the *ADU* is located pursuant to a recorded agreement between the qualified buyer and the qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of Section 141.0302(g)(3)(A), a qualified buyer means *very low income*, *low income*, *median income*, or *moderate income* households, as specified below:
    - (i) Very low income ADUs shall be affordable to very low income households at an affordable housing cost that does not exceed 30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, appropriate for the ADU;
    - (ii) Low income ADUs shall be affordable to low income households at an affordable housing cost that does not exceed 30 percent of 70 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, appropriate for the ADU;

- (iii) Moderate income ADUs shall be affordable to moderate income households at a housing cost that does not exceed 35 of 110 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, appropriate for the ADU.
- (B) The *lot* where the *ADU* is located is held pursuant to a recorded tenancy in common agreement that includes:
  - (i) An allocation to each qualified buyer of an undivided, unequal interest in the lot based on the size of the ADU each qualified buyer occupies;
  - (ii) A repurchase option that requires the qualified
     buyer to first offer the qualified nonprofit
     corporation to buy the property if the buyer desires
     to sell or convey the property;
  - (iii) A requirement that the qualified buyer occupy the property as the qualified buyer's principal residence; and
  - (iv) Affordability restrictions on the sale and conveyance of the property that ensure the property will be preserved for very low income, low income, median income, or moderate income households for 45 years for owner-occupied housing and will be sold or resold to a qualified buyer.

- (C) A grant deed naming the grantor, grantee, and describing the property interests being transferred shall be recorded in the Office of the Recorder in San Diego County.
- (D) A Preliminary Change of Ownership Report shall be filed concurrently with the grant deed pursuant to the California Revenue and Taxation Code section 480.3.
- (E) If requested by a utility providing service to the primary residence, the ADU has a separate water, sewer, or electrical connection to that utility.
- Section 5. Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 8 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 143.0815, to read as follows:

# §143.0815 When Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Regulations Apply

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) The following *development* types shall be reviewed for compliance with the regulations in this Division:
  - (1) Conversion from rental units or *Accessory Dwelling Units* to condominium units (cooperative or similar form of ownership);
  - (2) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]
- Section 6. Chapter 14, Article 4, Division 5 of the San Diego Municipal Code is amended by amending section 144.0501, to read as follows:

## §144.0501 Purpose of Condominium Conversion Regulations

The purpose of the Condominium Conversion Regulations is to allow the conversion of apartments and *Accessory Dwelling Units* to condominiums while protecting the interests of tenants by requiring that tenants receive adequate notice of proposed *condominium conversions*, are advised of their rights with respect to the conversion of their apartment or *Accessory Dwelling Unit* to a condominium, and are afforded reasonable relocation assistance. It is also the intent of these regulations to protect the interests of the community and prospective purchasers by requiring the *applicant* to provide certain information regarding the condition of the *structure* and to require reasonable improvements for the health, safety, and general welfare of the public.

Section 7. The Council dispenses with a full reading of this Ordinance before its passage because a written copy of this Ordinance was made available to the Council and the public before the date of its passage.

Section 8. Ordinances O-21758 (Jan. 16, 2024) and O-21836 (July 22, 2024) were considered by the Council and may amend San Diego Municipal Code sections also amended by this Ordinance. Ordinances O-21758 and O-21836 also require California Coastal Commission certification prior to becoming effective in the Coastal Overlay Zone. The California Coastal Commission may propose modifications to San Diego Municipal Code sections also amended by this Ordinance. The City Clerk, with the written approval and concurrence of the City Attorney, is authorized to reconcile the numbering of sections and placement of text upon the final passage of the Ordinances, without further action by the Council, pursuant to San Diego Charter section 275.

Section 9. Before becoming effective, this Ordinance will be submitted to the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority (SDCRAA) acting as the Airport Land Use

Commission (ALUC) for a consistency finding with the Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP) for the San International Airport, Marine Corps Air Station Miramar, Gillespie Field, Montgomery Field, and Brown Field Airports (collectively, Airports). If the ALUC determines this Ordinance is consistent with the ALUCP for the Airports, this Ordinance shall take effect and be in force on the date of the finding of consistency, provided that at least 30 days have passed from the date of final passage, except that provisions of this Ordinance inside the Coastal Overlay Zone, which are subject to California Coastal Commission jurisdiction as a City of San Diego Local Coastal Program amendment, will not take effect until the date the California Coastal Commission unconditionally certifies those provisions as a local coastal program amendment.

If the ALUC determines this Ordinance is inconsistent or conditionally consistent, subject to proposed modifications, with the ALUCP, this Ordinance will be submitted to the Council for reconsideration. If the ALUC determines this Ordinance is conditionally consistent with the ALUCP for the Airports, but consistency is subject to the proposed modifications, the Council may amend this Ordinance to accept the proposed modifications, and this Ordinance as amended will take effect and be in force on the thirtieth day from and after its final passage, except that provisions of this Ordinance inside the Coastal Overlay Zone, which are subject to California Coastal Commission jurisdiction as a City of San Diego Local Coastal Program amendment, will not take effect until the date the California Coastal Commission unconditionally certifies those provisions as a local coastal program amendment. A proposed decision by the Council to overrule a determination or inconsistency, or to reject the proposed modifications for a finding of conditional consistency, will include the findings required pursuant to California Public Utilities Code section 21670 and require a two-thirds vote. The proposed decision and findings will be forwarded to the ALUC, the California Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics,

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and the airport operators for the applicable airports; and the Council will hold a second hearing not less than forty-five days from the date the proposed decision and findings were provided. At the hearing, any comments submitted by the public agencies will be considered and a final decision to overrule a determination of inconsistency will require a two-thirds vote.

If the Council makes a final decision to overrule a determination of inconsistency, this Ordinance will take effect on the thirtieth day after that final decision, except that provisions of this Ordinance inside the Coastal Overlay Zone, subject to California Coastal Commission jurisdiction as a City of San Diego Local Coastal Program amendment, will not take effect until the date the California Coastal Commission unconditionally certifies those provisions as a local coastal program amendment.

Section 10. That no permits shall be issued for development that is inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance unless deemed complete applications for such permits are submitted to the City prior to the date on which the applicable provisions of this Ordinance become effective.

APPROVED: HEATHER FERBERT, City Attorney

By Corrine L. Neuffer

Senior Chief Deputy City Attorney

CLN:cm:jn2:amt:cm:jn2

April 24, 2025

June 13, 2025 COR. COPY

June 17, 2025 REV.

Or.Dept: City Planning

Doc. No. 4082424 3

(O-2025-136 REV.) (COR. COPY)

I certify that the Council of the City  JUL 2 2 2025	of San Diego adopted this Ordinance at a meeting held on
<del>.</del>	DIANA J.S. FUENTES City Clerk
	By Connic Latterson  Deputy City Clerk
Approved: 7/22/25 (date)	TODD GLORIA, Mayor
Vetoed:(date)	TODD GLORIA, Mayor

(NOTE: The date of final passage is July 23, 2025, which represents the day this ordinance was returned to the Office of the City Clerk with the Mayor's signature of approval.)

#### STRIKEOUT ORDINANCE

**OLD LANGUAGE: Struck Out** 

**NEW LANGUAGE:** <u>Double Underline</u>

ORDINANCE NUMBER O	(NEW SERIES)
DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE	

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 1 OF THE SAN DIEGO MUNICIPAL CODE BY AMENDING SECTION 113.0103; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, ARTICLE 5, DIVISION 4 BY AMENDING SECTION 125.0431; AMENDING CHAPTER 13, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY AMENDING SECTION 131.0322; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 1, DIVISION 3 BY RETITLING AND AMENDING SECTION 141.0302; AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 3, DIVISION 8 BY AMENDING SECTION 143.0815; AND AMENDING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLE 4, DIVISION 5 BY AMENDING SECTION 144.0501, RELATING TO THE AMENDMENT TO THE ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT AND JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT REGULATIONS.

## §113.0103 Definitions

Abutting property through Accessory building [No change in text.]

Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) means an attached or detached residential dwelling unit that is 1,200 square feet in size or less, provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation, and is located on a lot with a the same premises as the proposed or existing single dwelling unit or multiple dwelling unit.

Accessory structure through Surface Mining [No change in text.]

Sustainable Development Area means the area within a defined walking distance along a pedestrian path of travel using sidewalks from a major transit stop that is

existing or planned, if the planned *major transit stop* is included in a transportation improvement program or applicable regional transportation plan, as follows:

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) Within Mobility Zone 4, as defined in Section 143.1103, the defined walking distance is <u>0</u>.75 mile.
- (c) [No change in text.]

In addition, an adopted specific plan prepared in accordance with section Section 122.0107(a), shall be within the Sustainable Development Area if the Sustainable Development Area is within a portion of the adopted specific plan.

Target population through Yard [No change in text.]

# §125.0431 Additional Notice for a Condominium Conversion Map

- (a) For a tentative map for a condominium conversion project, the subdivider shall provide the following notices in addition to the notice provided for in Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 (Notice):
  - (1) [No change in text.]
  - (2) Notice to each person applying for the rental of a unit-dwelling unit or Accessory Dwelling Unit in the proposed project required in Chapter 11, Article 2, Division 3 (Notice) and Subdivision Map Act section 66452.17;
  - (3) through (5) [No change in text.]
- (b) through (c) [No change in text.]

## §131.0322 Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

The uses allowed in the agricultural zones are shown in Table 131.03B.

#### **Legend for Table 131-03B**

[No change in text.]

Table 131-03B
Use Regulations Table for Agricultural Zones

Use Categories/Subcategories	Zone	Zones		nes	
[See Section 131.0112 for an explanation and	Designator				
descriptions of the Use Categories, Subcategories, and Separately Regulated Uses]	1st & 2nd >>	AG		AR	
	3rd >>	1-		1-	
·	4th >>	1	2	1	2
Open Space through Residential, Separately Residential Uses, Interim Ground Floor Resident change in text.]	· ,	[N	o chan	ge in to	ext.]
Residential Uses, Interim Ground Floor Resident	· ,	[N			hange
Residential Uses, Interim Ground Floor Resident change in text.]	ial [No			[No c	hange

#### Footnotes for Table 131-03B

# §141.0302 Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADUs)

Section 141.0302 provides for the construction of Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADUs), consistent with the requirements of state law, and is intended to encourage the construction of ADUs and JADUs through several local regulatory provisions, including eliminating parking requirements for ADUs and JADUs, and providing an affordable housing bonus of one additional ADU for every deed-restricted affordable ADU

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> through <sup>13</sup> [No change in text.]

permitted in all zones allowing residential uses, and JADUs are permitted in all zones allowing residential uses, and JADUs are permitted in all Single Dwelling Unit Zones by right as a limited use decided in accordance with Process One, indicated with an "L" in the Use Regulations Tables in Chapter 13, Article 1 (Base Zones), subject to the following regulations.

- (a) The following definitions apply to this section: Regulations for ADUs and JADUs.
  - (1) Single Dwelling Unit Zone means a zone that permits single

    dwelling units but does not permit multiple dwelling units Guest

    Quarters. Guest quarters and non-habitable accessory structures

    shall be permitted in addition to ADUs and JADUs, if permitted by
    the base zone.
  - (2) Multiple Dwelling Unit Zone means a zone that permits multiple

    dwelling units Development Impact Fees. Development Impact

    Fees for ADUs and JADUs shall be paid in accordance with

    Section 142.0640(b).
  - Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban Lot Split Regulations. An ADU or

    JADU shall not be permitted to be constructed on any premises

    that has utilized the provisions of Chapter 14, Article 3, Division

    13, Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban Lot Split Regulations for

    Single Family Zones, except as provided in Section

    143.1305(c)(1).

- (4) Previously Conforming. Construction of an ADU or JADU shall not require correction of previously conforming conditions on the premises.
- (5) Conversion. An ADU or JADU that is converted from an existing

  dwelling unit or accessory structure, or is constructed in the same

  location and within the same building envelope as an existing

  dwelling unit or accessory structure, may continue to observe the

  same setbacks as the existing dwelling unit or accessory structure

  and they shall not be subject to the setback requirements in Section

  141.0302(b)(9).

# (6) Fire Sprinklers.

- (A) An ADU or JADU shall not be required to provide

  automatic fire sprinklers if they are not required for the

  primary dwelling unit.
- (B) An ADU or JADU shall be required to provide an automatic fire sprinkler system when located on a premises where the primary dwelling unit is protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with the California Building Standards Code.
- (C) The construction of a detached ADU shall not trigger a

  requirement for automatic fire sprinklers to be installed in

  the existing primary dwelling unit or multiple dwelling unit

unless required in accordance with the California Building
Standards Code.

- (7) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone.
  - (A) An existing structure may only be converted or reconstructed as an ADU or JADU if the structure conforms to all the following regulations:
    - (i) The wetland regulations in Section 143.0141(b);
    - (ii) The sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143;
    - (iii) The coastal beaches regulations in Section
      143.0144; and
    - (iv) The Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal
      Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.
  - (B) <u>ADUs or JADUs constructed within areas of future sea</u>
    level rise shall comply with the regulations in Section
    132.0404.
  - (C) ADUs or JADUs shall comply with all the following regulations:
    - (i) The wetland regulations in Section 143.0141(b);
    - (ii) The sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143;
    - (iii) The coastal beaches regulations in Section
      143.0144; and

- (iv) The Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal
  Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.
- (8) An ADU shall not be used for a rental term of less than 31

  consecutive days. JADUs are not subject to rental term limitations.
- (b) The following regulations are applicable to both ADUs and JADUs: ADU

  Development Regulations.
  - (1) Use Regulations On a premises with an existing or proposed single dwelling unit, the following is permitted:
    - (A) One ADU and one JADU are permitted on a premises

      located within a Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an
      existing or proposed single dwelling unit. One ADU that is
      within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit or
      within an existing accessory structure, subject to the
      following:
      - (i) Construction of the ADU may expand the gross

        floor area of an existing accessory structure up to

        150 square feet to only allow for ingress and egress;
        and
      - (ii) The ADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the single dwelling unit.
    - (B) An ADU or JADU shall not be used for a rental term of less than 31 consecutive daysOne attached or detached ADU.

- (C) Guest quarters and non-habitable accessory structures shall be permitted in addition to ADUs and JADUs.
- (D) An Accessory Dwelling Unit or Junior Accessory

  Dwelling Unit shall not be permitted to be constructed on any premises that has utilized the provisions of Chapter

  14, Article 3, Division 13, Multi-Dwelling Unit and Urban

  Lot Split Regulations for Single Family Zones, except as provided in Section 143.1305(c)(1).
- (2) Development Regulations The maximum number of ADUs on a premises with a proposed multiple dwelling unit structure shall not exceed two detached ADUs.
  - (A) A minimum lot size is not required for the construction of an ADU or JADU.
  - (B) ADUs and JADUs are not subject to the density limitations for the premises.
  - (C) The gross floor area of an ADU and JADU shall be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.
  - (D) An ADU or JADU that is converted from an existing

    dwelling unit or accessory structure or is constructed in the

    same location and within the same building envelope as an

    existing dwelling unit or accessory structure may continue

    to observe the same setbacks as the existing dwelling unit

    or accessory structure. An existing structure may not be

converted or reconstructed as an ADU or JADU if the structure does not conform to the wetlands regulations in Section 143.0141(b), the sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143, the coastal beaches regulations in Section 143.0144, or the Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.

- (E) The following landscape regulations shall apply to the construction of an ADU or JADU:
  - <del>(i)</del> If the construction of an ADU or JADU brings the number of ADUs and any JADU on the premises to a total of two or more, two trees shall be provided on the premises for every 5,000 square feet of lot area, with a minimum of one tree per premises. If planting of a new tree is required to comply with this Section, the tree shall be selected in accordance with the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual and the City's Street Tree Selection Guide. If the premises is located in the OR Zone, the *lot* area used to determine the tree requirement shall be based on the allowable development area as described in Section 131.0250. If the premises contains environmentally sensitive lands, the lot area used to determine the tree

- requirement shall be based on the allowable

  development area as described in Chapter 14,

  Article 3, Division 1.
- (ii) ADUs constructed in accordance with Section

  141.0302(c)(2)(C) shall comply with the street tree
  requirements in Section 142.0409(a).
- (F) ADUs and JADUs shall not be required to provide fire sprinklers if they are not required for the primary dwelling unit. When located on a premises where the primary dwelling unit is protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with Section R313 of the California Residential Code, an ADU or JADU shall be protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system.
- (G) Construction of an ADU or JADU shall not require the correction of previously conforming conditions on the premises.
- (H) ADUs and JADUs constructed within Areas of Future Sea

  Level Rise must comply with the regulations in

  Section 132.0404.
- (I) Within the Coastal Overlay Zone, ADUs and JADUs shall comply with the wetlands regulations in Section

  143.0141(b), the sensitive coastal bluffs regulations in Section 143.0143, the coastal beaches regulations in

- Section 143.0144, and the Supplemental Regulations of the Coastal Overlay Zone in Section 132.0403.
- (3) Parking Regulations On a premises with an existing multiple

  dwelling unit structure, the following applies:
  - (A) No on-street parking spaces or off street parking spaces are required for ADUs and JADUs except as specified in Section 141.0302(b)(3)(B). The maximum number of ADUs that may be permitted within the existing non-livable space of an existing multiple dwelling unit structure shall not exceed 25 percent of the total number of multiple dwelling units in the structure. The minimum number of ADUs that may be permitted within the non-livable space of the existing structure is one. For example, non-livable space includes, but is not limited to, storage rooms, boiler rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages; and
  - When an ADU or JADU is proposed on a premises located both within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact

    Overlay Zone and outside of a transit priority area, one off street parking space located consistent with Section

    141.0302(b)(3)(D) shall be required per ADU or JADU, unless any of the following apply: A maximum of eight detached ADUs may be permitted on the premises, provided that the number of detached ADUs shall not exceed the

number of existing multiple dwelling units in the multiple dwelling unit structure.

- (i) The ADU or JADU is 500 square feet or less;
- (ii) The premises is located within a historical district
  that is a designated historical resource;
- (iii) The ADU or JADU is attached to the proposed or existing primary dwelling unit or accessory

  structure;
- (iv) The premises is located with a residential permit parking district;
- (v) There is a car share vehicle located within one block of the *premises*.
- When a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an ADU or JADU, or converted to an ADU or JADU, replacement of those off-street parking spaces is not required unless the premises is located both within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and outside of a transit priority area, in which case the parking shall be replaced in a location consistent with Section 141.0302(b)(3)(D).
- (D) If off-street parking spaces are required in accordance with Section 141.0302(b)(3)(B) or 141.0302(b)(3)(C), or if the applicant choses to provide off-street parking spaces for

ADUs and/or JADUs located on the premises, those spaces shall comply with the following:

- (i) Off street parking spaces may be located in any configuration, may be within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces or mechanical lifts.
- (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within

  hardscape areas and shall comply with the minimum

  standards and guidelines to provide safe and

  efficient means of vehicular access to the lot.
- (E) Notwithstanding 141.0302(b)(2)(H), if the construction of an ADU or JADU causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the dimensions required in Table 142-05K of Section 142.0560 for an off street parking space, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- (4) Development Impact Fees for ADUs and JADUs shall comply with Section 142.0640(b). In accordance with Government Code section 66321(b)(3), one attached or detached ADU with a gross floor area of 800 square feet or less may be permitted in accordance with Sections 141.0302(a)(1)-(a)(3), provided that the development results in no more than one attached or detached ADU on the premises. The ADU shall not be subject to maximum lot coverage,

- maximum *floor area ratio*, a front *yard setback*, and minimum open space requirements of the underlying base zone.
- (5) Lot Size. A minimum *lot* size is not required for the construction of an *ADU*.
- (6) Density. ADUs are not subject to the density limitations of the base zone for the premises.
- (7) Gross Floor Area.
  - (A) The gross floor area of an ADU shall not be less than 150 square feet.
  - (B) The gross floor area of an attached or detached ADU shall not exceed 1,200 square feet.
  - (C) An ADU constructed within an existing or proposed single

    dwelling unit structure shall not have a maximum gross

    floor area requirement.
  - (D) An ADU constructed within an existing accessory structure

    on a single dwelling unit lot shall not have a maximum

    gross floor area requirement and may construct an

    additional 150 square feet to only allow for ingress and

    egress.
  - (E) <u>ADUs constructed within an existing multiple dwelling unit</u>

    <u>structure shall not have a maximum gross floor area</u>

    requirement.

(F) The gross floor area of an ADU shall be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.

## (8) Height.

- (A) On lots that permit single dwelling unit development but

  not multiple dwelling unit development, detached ADU

  structures shall not exceed two stories.
- (B) On lots that permit single dwelling unit development but

  not multiple dwelling unit development, ADUs attached to

  an existing accessory structure shall not exceed two stories.
- (C) <u>ADUs shall comply with the overall maximum structure</u>

  height of the underlying base zone and overlay zone.

# (9) Setbacks.

- (A) The front yard setback of an ADU shall be consistent with the base zone.
- (B) The minimum street side yard setback of an ADU shall be

  4 feet or the minimum street side yard setback of the base
  zone, whichever is less.
- (C) Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for ADU

  structures with a structure height of 16 feet or less shall be
  provided as follows:
  - (i) For ADU structures located on a premises outside
    of a High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone,
    there is no minimum interior side yard and rear

may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.

- High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, the minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks shall be 4 feet to provide defensible space between all structures on the premises and contiguous areas of native or naturalized vegetation, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.
- (D) Interior side yard and rear yard setbacks for ADU

  structures with a structure height that exceeds 16 feet shall
  be provided as follows:
  - (i) For ADU structures located on a premises outside
    of a High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone,
    there is no minimum interior side yard and rear

may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code. However, if the side or rear property line abuts another premises that is residentially zoned or developed with exclusively residential uses, the minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks shall be 4 feet or the minimum setback of the applicable base zone, whichever is less, except that the Fire Code Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code (IFC), including section 504.1.

High or Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, the minimum interior side yard and rear yard setbacks shall be 4 feet to provide defensible space between all structures on the premises and any contiguous areas of native or naturalized vegetation or as otherwise required, except that the Fire Code

Official may require a greater setback to ensure compliance with the California Fire Code,

California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14,

Section 1276.01, and the International Fire Code

(IFC), including section 504.1.

## (10) Parking.

- (A) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for ADUs, except as specified in Section

  141.0302(b)(10)(B).
- When an ADU is proposed on a premises located both within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking Impact
  Overlay Zone and outside of a transit priority area, one
  off-street parking space located consistent with Section
  141.0302(b)(10)(D) shall be required per ADU, unless any
  of the following apply:
  - (i) The ADU is 500 square feet or less;
  - (ii) The premises is located within a historical district
    that is a designated historical resource;
  - (iii) The ADU is attached to the proposed or existing primary dwelling unit or accessory structure;
  - (iv) The premises is located within a residential permit parking district; or
  - (v) There is a car share vehicle located within one block of the *premises*.

- (C) When a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is

  demolished in conjunction with the construction of an

  ADU, or converted to an ADU, replacement of those off
  street parking spaces is not required unless the premises is

  located within the Beach Impact Area of the Parking

  Impact Overlay Zone and outside of the transit priority

  area, in which case parking shall be replaced in a location

  consistent with Section 141.0302(b)(10)(D).
- (D) When an uncovered parking space is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an ADU, or converted to an ADU, replacement of those off-street parking spaces is not required.
- (E) If off-street parking spaces are required in accordance with

  Section 141.0302(b)(10)(B) or 141.0302(b)(10)(C), or if

  the applicant chooses to provide off-street parking spaces

  for ADUs located on the premises, the following applies:
  - (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located within the

    setback areas, and may include tandem spaces or

    mechanical lifts; and
  - (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within

    hardscape areas and shall comply with the

    minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe
    and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot.

Off-street parking spaces may not encroach into the public right-of-way.

- (F) Notwithstanding Section 141.0302(a)(4), if the construction of an ADU causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the minimum off-street parking spaces dimensions required in Table 142-05K of Section

  142.0560, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- (11) The record owner is not required to live on the same premises of an ADU.
- (c) In addition to the requirements in Section 141.0302(a), the following additional regulations are applicable to ADUs: Development Regulations for JADUs.
  - (1) Use Regulations On a premises with an existing or proposed single dwelling unit, one JADU is permitted, subject to the following:
    - (A) The record owner is not required to live on the same

      premises as the ADU: The JADU shall be within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit or attached garage;
    - (B) The ADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit unless all of the following apply: Construction of the JADU may expand the floor area of the existing single dwelling unit up to 150 square feet to only allow for ingress and egress;

- (i) The ADU was built or developed by a qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of Section 141.0302(b)(1)(B)(i), a qualified nonprofit corporation means a nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has received a welfare exemption under Section 214.15 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code for properties intended to be sold to low income families who participate in a special no-interest loan program.
- (ii) There is an enforceable restriction on the use of the premises on which the ADU is located pursuant to a recorded contract between the qualified buyer and the qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of Section 141.0302(b)(1)(B)(ii), a qualified buyer means very low income, low income, median income, or moderate income households, as specified in Table 141-03A.
- (iii) The lot where the ADU is located is held pursuant to a recorded tenancy in common agreement that includes an allocation to each qualified buyer of an undivided, unequal interest in the lot based on the size of the ADU each qualified buyer occupies; a

repurchase option that requires the qualified buyer to first offer the qualified nonprofit corporation to buy the property if the buyer desires to sell or convey the property; a requirement that the qualified buyer occupy the property as the qualified buyer's principal residence; and affordability restrictions on the sale and conveyance of the property that ensure the property will be preserved for very low income, low income, median income or moderate income households for 45 years for owner-occupied housing and will be sold or resold to a qualified buyer.

- (iv) A grant deed naming the grantor, grantee, and
  describing the property interests being transferred
  shall be recorded with the County. A Preliminary
  Change of Ownership Report shall be filed
  concurrently with this grant deed pursuant to
  Section 480.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (v) If requested by a utility providing service to the primary residence, the ADU has a separate water, sewer, or electrical connection to that utility.
- (C) The JADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the existing or proposed single dwelling unit;

- (D) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit;
- (E) The 'record owner of the primary dwelling unit shall reside
  in the single dwelling unit or JADU; and
- (F) Before a Building Permit may be issued for a JADU, the

  record owner shall enter into an agreement with the City in

  a form that is approved by the City Attorney that includes
  the following provisions:
  - (i) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit;
  - (ii) The agreement may be enforced against future purchasers;
  - (iii) The record owner shall reside on the premises;
  - (iv) The agreement shall be recorded in the Office of the

    County Recorder of San Diego County; and
  - (v) The agreement shall run with the land for the life of the JADU.
- (G) Government agencies, land trusts, and qualified housing organizations are exempt from Section 141.0302(c)(1)(E) and Section 141.0302(c)(1)(F).
- (2) Development Regulations for ADUs Lot Size. JADUs are not subject to a minimum lot size.

- (A) ADUs shall be permitted in all zones allowing residential uses, consistent with the Use Table of the applicable base zone.
- (B) One ADU shall be permitted in a Single Dwelling Unit

  Zone on a premises with an existing or proposed single

  dwelling unit.
- (C) On a premises located in a Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing multiple dwelling unit, or a premises located in a Multiple Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed dwelling unit, ADUs shall be permitted as follows:
  - (i) Two ADUs that are attached to and/or detached from an existing or proposed structure are permitted; and
  - (ii) The number of ADUs permitted within the habitable area of an existing dwelling unit structure is limited to 25 percent of the total number of existing dwelling units in the structure, but in no case shall it be less than one ADU; and
  - (ii) There is no limit on the number of ADUs permitted
    within the portions of existing dwelling unit
    structures and accessory structures that are not used
    as livable space, including storage rooms, boiler

rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages, if each ADU complies with state building standards for dwelling units.

- square feet or less shall be permitted on a premises with an existing or proposed dwelling unit regardless of maximum lot coverage, maximum floor area ratio, front yard setback, and minimum open space requirements. The development shall comply with the floor area ratio of the underlying base zone unless the development incorporates an existing structure that exceeds the allowable floor area ratio by less than 800 square feet, in which case an ADU that does not exceed 800 square feet shall be permitted.
- (E) An ADU may be attached to, located within, or detached

  from an existing or proposed primary dwelling unit,

  including garages and habitable or non-habitable accessory

  structures.
- (F) The minimum gross floor area of an ADU shall not be less than 150 square feet. The maximum gross floor area of an ADU shall not exceed 1,200 square feet. An ADU constructed within an existing dwelling unit or accessory structure does not have a maximum gross floor area and

- may construct an additional 150 square feet for ingress and egress only.
- (G) ADU structures shall comply with the front yard and street
  side yard setbacks of the base zone. Interior side yard and
  rear yard setbacks for new ADU structures shall be
  provided as follows:
  - (i) One story ADU structures with a structure height

    16 feet or less may observe a zero-foot setback at
    the interior side yard and rear yard.
  - (ii) One story ADUs with a structure height that
    exceeds 16 feet and multi-story ADU structures
    may observe zero-foot interior side yard and rear
    yard setbacks, unless the side or rear property line
    abuts another premises that is residentially zoned or
    developed with exclusively residential uses, in
    which case a 4-foot setback or the minimum setback
    of the applicable base zone, whichever is less, shall
    apply.
- (H) ADU Bonus for Affordable ADUs. One additional ADU
  shall be permitted for every ADU on the premises that is set
  aside as affordable to very low income and low income
  households for a period of not less than 10 years, or as
  affordable to moderate income households for a period of

not less than 15 years, guaranteed through a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement, entered into by the applicant and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing Commission.

- (i) There is no limit on the number of bonus ADUs
  within a Sustainable Development Area.
- (ii) One bonus ADU is permitted outside a Sustainable

  Development Area.
- (iii) For ADUs to be counted as affordable and meet the requirements of this Section, the qualifying criteria in Table 141-03A shall be met.

Table 141-03A

Qualifying Criteria for Affordable ADU Bonus

	Rental ADUs	For-Sale ADUs1
	shall be affordable, including an allowance for utilities, at a rent that does not exceed:	shall be affordable at an affordable housing cost that does not exceed:
Very Low Income households	30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.	30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.
Low Income households	30 percent of 60 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.	30 percent of 70 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.
Moderate Income households	30 percent of 110 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.	35 percent of 110 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.

#### Footnotes for Table 141-03A

- (1) For-sale ADUs are subject to the requirements of Section 141.0302(c)(1)(B).
  - (I) ADU Bonus for Accessible ADUs. For development

    utilizing the ADU Bonus for Affordable ADUs in

    accordance with Section 141.0302(c)(2)(H), a maximum of

    one additional accessible ADU shall be permitted if the

    development includes:
    - (i) At least two ADUs shall be affordable to very low income, low income, or moderate income

      households; and
    - (ii) The accessible ADU shall comply with the following:
      - (a) Accessibility requirements in Chapter 11A of
        the California Building Code, including at
        least one accessible bathroom, one accessible
        kitchen, and one accessible bedroom; and
      - (b) The accessible ADU shall be located on an accessible route, as defined by the California Building Code.
- (3) <u>Density. JADUs</u> are not subject to the <u>density</u> limitations for the <u>premises.</u>
- (4) Gross Floor Area.
  - (A) The gross floor area of a JADU shall not be included in the floor area ratio for the premises.

- (B) A JADU shall not be less than 150 square feet and shall not exceed 500 square feet within an existing or proposed single dwelling unit.
- (5) Exterior Entry. A JADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the primary dwelling unit.
- (6) Kitchen. A JADU shall include the following:
  - (A) A cooking facility with appliances;
  - (B) A food preparation counter of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the *JADU*; and
  - (C) Storage cabinets that are of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the JADU.
- (7) Parking.
  - (A) No on-street parking spaces or off-street parking spaces are required for a JADU.
  - (B) When an attached garage is converted to a JADU,

    replacement of those off-street parking spaces is not

    required unless the premises is located within the Beach

    Impact Area of the Parking Impact Overlay Zone and

    outside of a transit priority area, in which case parking

    shall be replaced in a location consistent with Section

    141.0302(c)(7)(C).
  - (C) If off-street parking spaces are required in accordance with

    Section 141.0302(c)(7)(B) or if the applicant chooses to

provide off-street parking spaces for JADUs located on the premises, the following applies:

- (i) Off-street parking spaces may be located within the setback areas, and may include tandem spaces or mechanical lifts; and
- (ii) Off-street parking spaces shall be located within

  hardscape areas and shall comply with the

  minimum standards and guidelines to provide safe

  and efficient means of vehicular access to the lot.

  Off-street parking spaces may not encroach into the

  public right-of-way.
- (D) Notwithstanding Section 141.0302(a)(4), if the construction of a JADU causes an existing driveway curb cut to no longer comply with the minimum off-street parking space dimensions required in Table 142-05K of Section

  142.0560, the driveway shall be closed to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- (d) In addition to the requirements in Section 141.0302(b), JADUs are subject to the following additional regulations ADU Home Density Bonus. In addition to the ADUs and JADUs permitted under Sections 141.0302(b) and 141.0302(c), additional bonus ADUs and affordable ADUs shall be permitted subject to all of the following:
  - (1) Use Regulations Location Requirements.

- (A) One JADU is permitted on a premises located within a

  Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed

  primary single dwelling unit The portion of the premises

  proposed for development may not be within the following

  base zones: RS-1-1, RS-1-2, RS-1-3, RS-1-4, RS-1-8, RS
  1-9, RS-1-10, or RS-1-11, unless the following apply:
  - (i) The premises is in an area identified as a High or

    Highest California Tax Credit Allocation Committee

    (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the development

    application is deemed complete; and
  - (ii) The premises is identified as Residential in a land use plan.
- (B) The JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit On a premises within the Sustainable

  Development Area, one additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every additional affordable ADU.
- (C) Before a Building Permit may be issued for a JADU, the

  record owner shall enter into an agreement with the City in

  a form that is approved by the City Attorney. The

  agreement shall include the following provisions: the

  JADU may not be sold or conveyed separately from the

  primary dwelling unit; the agreement may be enforced

  against future purchasers; and the record owner shall reside

on the premises. The City shall submit the agreement to the County Recorder for recordation. The agreement shall run with the land for the life of the JADUOn a premises outside of the Sustainable Development Area, a maximum of one bonus ADU and one affordable ADU shall be permitted.

- (D) When a premises is located in more than one base zone,
  only the portion of the premises that meets the
  requirements of Section 141.0302(d)(1)(A) shall be eligible
  for bonus ADUs and affordable ADUs as specified in
  Sections 141.0302(d)(1)(B) or 141.0302(d)(1)(C).
- (2) Development Regulations Lot Requirements.
  - (A) One JADU is permitted on a premises located within a

    Single Dwelling Unit Zone with an existing or proposed

    primary single dwelling unit. Within High and Very High

    Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the applicant shall

    demonstrate that the lot fronts an improved public street

    with at least two evacuation routes to the satisfaction of the

    Fire Code Official; and
  - (B) A JADU of not less than 150 square feet and not more than
    500 square feet is permitted within an existing or proposed
    single dwelling unit, or an attached garage Within High and
    Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the lot shall not

- front a cul-de-sac or be located on a *premises* that only has one point of ingress or egress.
- (C) A JADU shall have a separate exterior entry from the primary dwelling unit.
- (D) The JADU shall include the following:
  - (i) A cooking facility with appliances;
  - (ii) A food preparation counter of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the JADU; and
  - (iii) Storage cabinets that are of a reasonable size in relation to the size of the JADU.

# (3) Floor Area Ratio.

- (A) Within a base zone that permits single dwelling unit

  developments, but not multiple dwelling unit developments,

  the maximum floor area ratio shall be determine as

  follows:
  - (i) Where the lot contains environmentally sensitive

    lands, the maximum permitted floor area ratio shall

    be determined using only the area of the lot that

    does not contain environmentally sensitive lands;
  - (ii) In no case shall the maximum permitted *floor area*ratio be determined using more than 8,000 square

    feet for the *lot* area; and

- (iii) For the RS-1-1, RS-1-2, RS-1-3, RS-1-4, RS-1-5,

  RS-1-6, RS-1-7 base zones, the applicable floor

  area ratio shall be determined in accordance with

  Table 131-04J using the adjusted lot area as

  described in Sections 141.0302(d)(3)(A)(i) and

  141.0302(d)(3)(A)(ii).
- (B) Within a base zone that permits multiple dwelling unit

  development where the lot contains environmentally

  sensitive lands, the maximum permitted floor area ratio

  shall be determined by using the area of the lot that does

  not contain environmentally sensitive lands.
- (4) Total Maximum number of permitted ADUs and JADUs on single

  dwelling unit lots. The total maximum number of ADUs and

  JADUs that may be permitted on a lot within a base zone that

  permits single dwelling unit development but not multiple dwelling

  unit development, shall be based on the lot area in accordance with

  Table 141-03A. If the lot contains environmentally sensitive lands,

  the lot area shall be determined using the area of the lot that does

  not contain environmentally sensitive lands.

<u>Table 141-03A</u>

<u>Maximum Number of Permitted ADUs and JADUs on Single</u>

<u>Dwelling Unit Lots</u>

<u>Lot Area</u>	Maximum Number of ADUs
(square feet)	and JADUs <sup>1</sup>
8,000 or less	<u>4</u>

<u>Lot Area</u> (square feet)	Maximum Number of ADUs and JADUs <sup>1</sup>	
8,001 to 10,000	<u>5</u>	
10,001 or greater	<u>6</u>	

The maximum number of *ADUs* and *JADUs* is inclusive of the total number of *ADUs* and *JADUs* that are permitted in accordance with Section 141.0302.

- (5) Fire Sprinklers. All affordable ADUs and bonus ADUs in the

  development shall include an automatic fire sprinkler system in

  accordance with the California Building Standards Code.
- (6) Minimum Required Off-Street Parking Spaces. One off-street

  parking space shall be required for each affordable ADU and

  bonus ADU located outside of a transit priority area.
- (7) Landscape Requirements. Two trees shall be provided on the premises for every 5,000 square feet of lot area, with a minimum of one tree per premises. If planting of a new tree is required to comply with this Section, the tree shall be selected in accordance with the Landscape Standards of the Land Development Manual and the City's Street Tree Selection Guide. If the premises is located in the OR Zone, the lot area used to determine the tree requirement shall be based on the allowable development area as described in Section 131.0250. If the premises contains environmentally sensitive lands, the lot area used to determine the tree requirement shall be based on the allowable development area as described in Chapter 14, Article 3, Division 1.

- (8) ADU Home Density Bonus Agreement. The affordable ADUs shall be guaranteed through a written agreement and a deed of trust securing the agreement, entered into by the applicant and President and Chief Executive Officer of the San Diego Housing

  Commission, or their designee, prior to the issuance of a Building Permit for the first affordable ADU or bonus ADU, whichever occurs first, that meets the following requirements:
  - (A) A rental affordable ADU home density bonus agreement shall utilize the following qualifying criteria:
    - (i) Very Low Income ADU Home Density Bonus. One additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to very low income households for a period of not less than 10 years at a rent that does not exceed 30 percent of 50 percent of the area median income as adjusted for household size;
    - (ii) Low Income ADU Home Density Bonus. One
      additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every
      affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as
      affordable to low income households for a period of
      not less than 10 years at a rent that does not exceed
      30 percent of 60 percent of the area median income
      as adjusted for household size;

- (iii) Moderate Income ADU Home Density Bonus. One additional bonus ADU shall be permitted for every affordable ADU on the premises that is set aside as affordable to moderate income households for a period of not less than 15 years at a rent that does not exceed 30 percent of 110 percent of the area median income as adjusted for household size; and
- (iv) The very low income, low income, and moderate

  income affordable ADUs shall be comparable in

  bedroom mix and amenities to the bonus ADUs in
  the development.
- (B) Violations. If the terms of the rental affordable ADU home density bonus agreement are violated by the applicant, the applicant shall be liable for a minimum penalty of \$10,000 per ADU per month, in addition to any fines outlined in the rental affordable ADU home density bonus agreement with the San Diego Housing Commission.
- (9) ADU Home Density Bonus Program Community Enhancement

  Fee. The applicant shall pay an ADU Home Density Bonus

  Program Community Enhancement Fee as established by San

  Diego Resolution, calculated based on the gross floor area of the

  affordable ADUs and bonus ADUs, except that the gross floor area

- of any affordable ADUs that meet all the following shall not be included in the calculation:
- (A) The affordable ADU is deed restricted to very low income
  or low income households in accordance with Section

  141.0302(d)(8)(A)(i) or 141.0302(d)(8)(A)(ii); and
- (B) The premises is located in an area identified as a High or

  Very High Resource California Tax Credit Allocation

  Committee (CTCAC) Opportunity Area when the

  development application is deemed complete.
- (e) ADU Bonus for Accessible ADUs. For development utilizing the ADU

  Home Density Bonus Program in accordance with Section 141.0302(d), a

  maximum of one additional accessible ADU shall be permitted if the

  development includes:
  - (1) At least two ADUs that are affordable to very low income, low income, or moderate income households; and
  - (2) The accessible ADU meets the following:
    - (A) Accessibility requirements in Chapter 11A of the California

      Building Code, including at least one accessible bathroom,

      one accessible kitchen, and one accessible bedroom;
    - (B) The accessible ADU shall be located on an accessible route,
      as defined by the California Building Code; and
    - (C) The accessible ADU shall be comparable in bedroom mix and amenities to the bonus ADUs in the development.

- Sale or Conveyance of ADUs. New or existing ADUs may be converted into condominiums and shall be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the primary residence in accordance with this Section or pursuant to Section 141.0302(g) and subject to all the following:
  - All structures and buildings included as part of a condominium

    development shall conform to the requirements applicable to the

    base zone or planned district in which the development is located.

    Designation of individual condominium units shall not be deemed

    to reduce or eliminate any of the base zone or planned district

    requirements applicable to the buildings or structures. Unless

    otherwise allowed for ADUs pursuant to Section 141.0302(b);
    - (A) The condominium subdivision shall be created pursuant to
      the Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act Part

      5 (commencing with section 4000) of Division 4 of the
      California Civil Code);
    - (B) The condominium subdivision shall be created in conformance with the Subdivision Map Act (Division 2 (commencing with California Government Code section 66410));
    - (C) Neither a subdivision map nor a condominium plan shall be recorded without each lienholder's written consent. The following shall apply to the consent of a lienholder:
      - (i) A lienholder may refuse to give written consent; or

- (ii) A lienholder may consent provided that any terms

  and conditions required by the lienholder are

  satisfied;
- modifications to the condominium plan, written evidence of the lienholder's consent shall be provided to the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County along with a signed statement from each lienholder that states the following: "(Name of lienholder) hereby consents to the recording of this condominium plan in their sole and absolute discretion and the borrower has or will satisfy any additional terms and conditions the lienholder may have.";
- (E) The lienholder's written consent shall be included on the condominium plan, or attached to the condominium plan that includes the following information:
  - (i) The lienholder's signature;
  - (ii) The name of the record owner or ground lessee;
  - (iii) The legal description of the real property;
  - (iv) The identities of all parties with an interest in the real property as reflected in the real property records; and

- (v) The lienholder's written consent shall be recorded
   in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego
   County.
- (2) The condominium *development* shall be subject to the Subdivision requirements in Chapter 12, Article 5.
- (3) The condominium development shall be subject to the

  Condominium Conversion Regulations in Chapter 14, Article 4,

  Division 5 if any of the ADUs in the development were occupied.
- (4) If an ADU is established as a condominium, the applicant shall notify providers of utilities, including water, sewer, gas, and electricity, of the condominium creation and separate conveyance.
- (5) The condominium *development* shall be located on a single parcel or *lot* that was previously mapped and monumented in a manner satisfactory to the City Engineer in accordance with Subdivision Map Act Section 66428(b).
- 6 For a minimum period of 30 days from the date an ADU that is established as a condominium is first listed for sale, the record owner shall offer the ADU through at least two publicly accessible real estate websites or databases with a disclosure stating that the ADU is being offered for at least 30 days to buyers intending to use the ADU as their primary residence.
- (7) <u>ADUs</u> that have received financing or other forms of assistance from the San Diego Housing Commission shall not be converted

- into condominiums and shall not be sold or otherwise conveyed

  separately from the primary residence during the term specified in

  the deed restriction agreement for the duration of the deed

  restriction or affordability covenant term.
- (8) Rental ADUs that are rent restricted by law or covenant to persons and families of very low income, low income, or moderate income shall not be converted into condominiums and shall not be sold or otherwise conveyed separately from the primary residence for the duration of the deed restriction or affordability covenant term.
- (g) Sale or Conveyance of an ADU by a nonprofit corporation.
  - (1) An ADU may be sold or conveyed separately from the primary

    dwelling unit by a qualified nonprofit corporation.
  - (2) For the purpose of Section 141.0302(g), a qualified nonprofit corporation means a nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has received a welfare exemption under the California Revenue and Taxation

    Code section 214.15 for properties intended to be sold to low-income families who participate in a special no-interest loan program.
  - (3) For an ADU to be sold or conveyed separately from the primary

    dwelling unit by a qualified nonprofit corporation, the following shall apply:

- There is an enforceable restriction on the use of the

  premises on which the ADU is located pursuant to a

  recorded agreement between the qualified buyer and the

  qualified nonprofit corporation. For the purposes of Section

  141.0302(g)(3)(A), a qualified buyer means very low

  income, low income, median income, or moderate income

  households, as specified below:
  - (i) Very low income ADUs shall be affordable to very

    low income households at an affordable housing

    cost that does not exceed 30 percent of 50 percent

    of the area median income, as adjusted for

    household size, appropriate for the ADU;
  - (ii) Low income ADUs shall be affordable to low income households at an affordable housing cost that does not exceed 30 percent of 70 percent of the area median income, as adjusted for household size, appropriate for the ADU;
  - (iii) Moderate income ADUs shall be affordable to

    moderate income households at a housing cost that

    does not exceed 35 of 110 percent of the area

    median income, as adjusted for household size,

    appropriate for the ADU.

- (B) The *lot* where the *ADU* is located is held pursuant to a recorded tenancy in common agreement that includes:
  - (i) An allocation to each qualified buyer of an undivided, unequal interest in the *lot* based on the size of the *ADU* each qualified buyer occupies;
  - (ii) A repurchase option that requires the qualified

    buyer to first offer the qualified nonprofit

    corporation to buy the property if the buyer desires

    to sell or convey the property;
  - (iii) A requirement that the qualified buyer occupy the

    property as the qualified buyer's principal
    residence; and
  - (iv) Affordability restrictions on the sale and
    conveyance of the property that ensure the property
    will be preserved for very low income, low income,
    median income, or moderate income households for
    45 years for owner-occupied housing and will be
    sold or resold to a qualified buyer.
- (C) A grant deed naming the grantor, grantee, and describing
  the property interests being transferred shall be recorded in
  the Office of the Recorder in San Diego County.

- (D) A Preliminary Change of Ownership Report shall be filed concurrently with the grant deed pursuant to the California Revenue and Taxation Code section 480.3.
- (E) If requested by a utility providing service to the primary residence, the ADU has a separate water, sewer, or electrical connection to that utility.

## §143.0815 When Coastal Overlay Zone Affordable Housing Replacement Regulations Apply

- (a) [No change in text.]
- (b) The following *development* types shall be reviewed for compliance with the regulations in this Division:
  - (1) Conversion from rental units or <u>Accessory Dwelling Units</u> to condominium units (cooperative or similar form of ownership);
  - (2) through (3) [No change in text.]
- (c) [No change in text.]

## §144.0501 Purpose of Condominium Conversion Regulations

The purpose of the Condominium Conversion Regulations is to allow the conversion of apartments and Accessory Dwelling Units to condominiums while protecting the interests of tenants by requiring that tenants receive adequate notice of proposed condominium conversions, are advised of their rights with respect to the conversion of their apartment or Accessory Dwelling Unit to a condominium, and are afforded reasonable relocation assistance. It is also the intent of these regulations to protect the interests of the community and prospective purchasers by requiring the applicant to provide certain information regarding the condition

of the *structure* and to require reasonable improvements for the health, safety, and general welfare of the public.

CLN:cm:jn2:amt:cm:jn2 March 12, 2025 June 13, 2025 COR. COPY June 17, 2025 REV. Or.Dept: City Planning Doc. No. 4082425\_3

Passed by the Council of The	City of San Diego	o on <b>J</b> l	JL <b>2 2</b> 2025	_, by the following vote		
Councilmembers	Yeas	Nays	Not Present	Recused		
Joe LaCava						
Jennifer Campbell						
Stephen Whitburn			$\bar{Z}$			
Henry L. Foster III	Z					
Marni von Wilpert	Z					
Kent Lee			Z			
Raul A. Campillo	otag					
Vivian Moreno		Z				
Sean Elo-Rivera			Z			
Date of final passage	IL 2 3 2025	··				
		TODD GLORIA				
AUTHENTICATED BY:		Mayor of The City of San Diego, California.				
	DIANA J.S. FUENTES					
(Seal)		City Cl	erk of The City of	San Diego, California.		
		ву_	inda de	www., Deputy		
I HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing ordinance was not finally passed until twelve calendar days had elapsed between the day of its introduction and the day of its final passage, to wit, on						
JUN 1 0 2025	, an	d on	JUL 232	025		
I FURTHER CERTIFY that said ordinance was read in full prior to passage or that such reading was dispensed with by a vote of five members of the Council, and that a written copy of the ordinance was made available to each member of the Council and the public prior to the day of its passage.						
		DIANA J.S. FUENTES				
(Seal)		City Clerk of The City of San Diego, California.				
By Kinda Vrusn, Deputy						
Office of the City Clerk, San Diego, California						
	Or	Ordinance Number O <b>21989</b>				